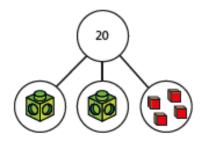
# White Rose Year 6 Activity Sheets

### Monday – Lesson 1 Solve two-step equations

### Solve two-step equations



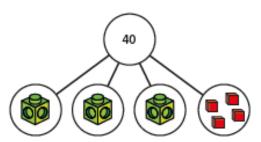
Here is a part-whole model.



- a) Write an equation for the part-whole model.
- b) Solve the equation to work out the value of

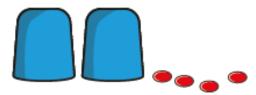


If each multilink cube represents x, form and solve an equation to find the value x.



There is the same number of counters under each cup.

There are 16 counters in total.



- a) Use y to represent the number of counters under each cup.
   Write an equation in terms of y.
- b) Solve the equation to find the value of y.

y =

c) How many counters are under each cup?



Write an algebraic equation to represent each bar model.
Find the values of a and b.



| b) | 46         |    |  |  |  |  |
|----|------------|----|--|--|--|--|
|    | 3 <i>b</i> | 10 |  |  |  |  |

| 5 | Solve | the | equations. |
|---|-------|-----|------------|

| a) | 5x + | 1 | _ | 31 |
|----|------|---|---|----|

d) 
$$9 = 2y + 8$$

**b)** 
$$3x - 3 = 9$$

e) 
$$10g - 2 = 46$$

c) 
$$4p - 11 = 3$$

f) 
$$4 + 3y = 28$$

Dani thinks of a number.

She doubles it and adds 3

She gets the answer 15

- a) Write an equation to represent Dani's problem.
- b) Solve the equation to find her number.



Alex is y years old.

Her friend Brett is 3 years older.

The total of their ages is 25

How old are Alex and Brett?

|         | <br>     | _ |
|---------|----------|---|
| Alex is | Brett is |   |
|         | <br>l I  |   |





a) Work out the cost of one banana and one orange.

| One banana costs | One orange costs |  |
|------------------|------------------|--|

b) Compare methods with a partner.

## Tuesday – Lesson 2 Find pairs of values

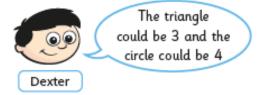
### Find pairs of values (2)



Class 6 are trying to solve a number puzzle.



a)



Do you agree with Dexter? \_\_\_\_\_

Explain why.

b)



What is the value of the circle in Dora's number puzzle?



c) Find other pairs of values that the triangle and circle could equal. Find three pairs.















| 2 | a and $b$ are whole numbers.   |
|---|--------------------------------|
|   | a dila o die Wilole Hallibers. |

$$2\alpha+b=14$$

Complete the table to show different possible values for a and b.

| а      | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|--------|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|
| 2a     | 0  | 2  |    |    |   |   |   |   |
| ь      | 14 |    |    |    |   |   |   |   |
| 2a + b | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 |   |   |   |   |

 $\bigcirc$  c and d are both integers less than 15 but greater than zero.

$$3c - d = 2$$

Complete the table to show different possible values for  $\emph{c}$  and  $\emph{d}$ .

| с          | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 <i>c</i> | 3 |   |   |   |   |
| d          | 1 |   |   |   |   |
| 3c - d     | 2 | 2 | 2 |   |   |

b) Explain why there are no other possible values for  $\emph{c}$  and  $\emph{d}$ .

| 4 | $\emph{x}$ and $\emph{y}$ are both multiples of 5 less than 100 |
|---|---|
|   | If $2x = y$ , circle the possible values of $x$ and $y$ .       |

$$x = 20, y = 20$$

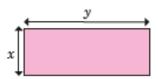
$$x = 10, y = 20$$

$$x = 20, y = 10$$

$$x = 35, y = 70$$

$$y = 90, x = 45$$

5 Here is a rectangle.
x and y are both integers.



The rectangle has a perimeter of 28 cm.

- a) Write an equation to represent the perimeter of the rectangle.
- b) List all the possible pairs of values for  $\boldsymbol{x}$  and  $\boldsymbol{y}$ .

Compare answers with a partner. How do you know you have found all the possible values?



| 6 | Aisha is buying some stationery for scho<br>She spends exactly £1<br>List the possible combinations of pencils<br>and pens that Aisha could have bought. | pencil<br>10p | pen<br>15p |
|---|--|---------------|------------|
|   |  |               |            |

- Ron has four digit cards.
  - · Two of the cards have the same value.
  - · All of the cards are less than 10 but greater than zero.
  - All of the cards are odd.
  - The sum of the four cards is 24

Find two possible sets of cards.

| Set 1 |  |  |  |  |
|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Set 2 |  |  |  |  |

8

$$2ab = 48$$

a) Find a pair of possible values for a and b.

b) Work with a partner to find as many pairs of values as you can.

### Wednesday – Lesson 3 Convert metric measures

### Convert metric measures



How many centimetre cubes can you fit along a metre stick?



What does this tell you?

- Complete the sentences.
  - a) There are grams in 1 kilogram.

There are kilograms in one tonne.

b) There are millilitres in 1 litre.

c) There are millimetres in 1 centimetre

There are centimetres in 1 metre.

There are metres in 1 kilometre.

Complete the bar models.

a)

| 1 km    | 1 km    | 1 km | 1 km |
|---------|---------|------|------|
| 1,000 m | 1,000 m |      |      |

There are m in 4 km.

b)

| 1 kg    | 1 kg 1 kg |         | 1 kg | 1 kg | 1 kg | 1/2 kg |
|---------|-----------|---------|------|------|------|--------|
| 1,000 g | 1,000 g   | 1,000 g |      |      |      |        |

There are g in  $6\frac{1}{2}$  kg.

Complete the conversions.

| Ь) | 11:   | ₌ | m |
|----|-------|---|---|
| b) | 1 l = | = | n |

A bag of dog food weighs 2.5 kg. Write this weight in grams.



6 What measurements are the arrows pointing to?

Label them on the number line.



Complete the conversions.

- a) 10 mm = cm
- mm = 1.1 cm
- 11 mm = cm
- mm = 10.1 cm
- mm = 11 cm
- **b)** 2.1 km = m
- 2.01 km = m
- 2.001 km = m
- 2.011 km = m

8 Write > , < or = to complete the statements.</p>

- a) 100 m ( ) 1 km
- 10 m ( ) 10 cm
- 607 I 0.607 ml
- 10.1 mm ( ) 101 cm
- 0.05 I ( ) 5 ml

| 9 | Dora and Amir are trying to convert 1.05 metres into millimetres.  |
|---|--|
|   | You can multiply 1.05 by 100 to convert it into centimetres, then multiply the product by 10 to convert it into millimetres. |
| ( | Dora   |
|   | You can just multiply 1.05 by 1,000!   |
|   | Who do you agree with?   |
|   | Explain your thinking.   |
| 0 | What is the mass of one of the boxes?  Give your answer in grams.  |
|   |  |
|   |  |
| D | There are 1,000 kg in one tonne.   |
|   | a) How many grams are there in one tonne?  |
|   |  |
|   | b) A car weighs 1.3 tonnes.  |
|   | Write the weight of the car in grams.  |
|   |  |
|   | I I  |

### Thursday – Lesson 4 Miles and kilometres

### Miles and kilometres



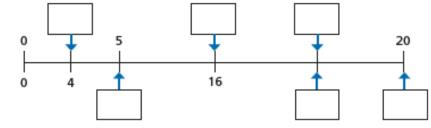
Tick the statements that are true.

Use the bar model to help you.

| 1 mile |     |   | 1 mile | 1 m  | 1 mile |   | 1 mile |   | 1 mile |      |
|--------|-----|---|--------|------|--------|---|--------|---|--------|------|
| 1 km   | 1 k | m | 1 km   | 1 km | 1 km   | n | 1 km   | 1 | l km   | 1 km |

- a) 5 miles is approximately equal to 8 kilometres.
- b) 1 mile is longer than 1 kilometre.
- c) 2 kilometres is longer than 1 mile.
- d) 2 kilometres is longer than 2 miles.
- Fill in the missing numbers on the number line.

miles km



- Complete the conversions.
  - a) 5 miles = kilometres
- b) miles = 16 kilometres
- 10 miles ≈ kilometres
- mile = 1.6 kilometres
- 15 miles 

  kilometres
- miles = 0.8 kilometres

Complete the conversions.

a) miles = 160 km

d) 95 miles = km

b) 45 miles = km

e) 7.5 miles = km

c) = 640 km

f) 2 miles = km

5

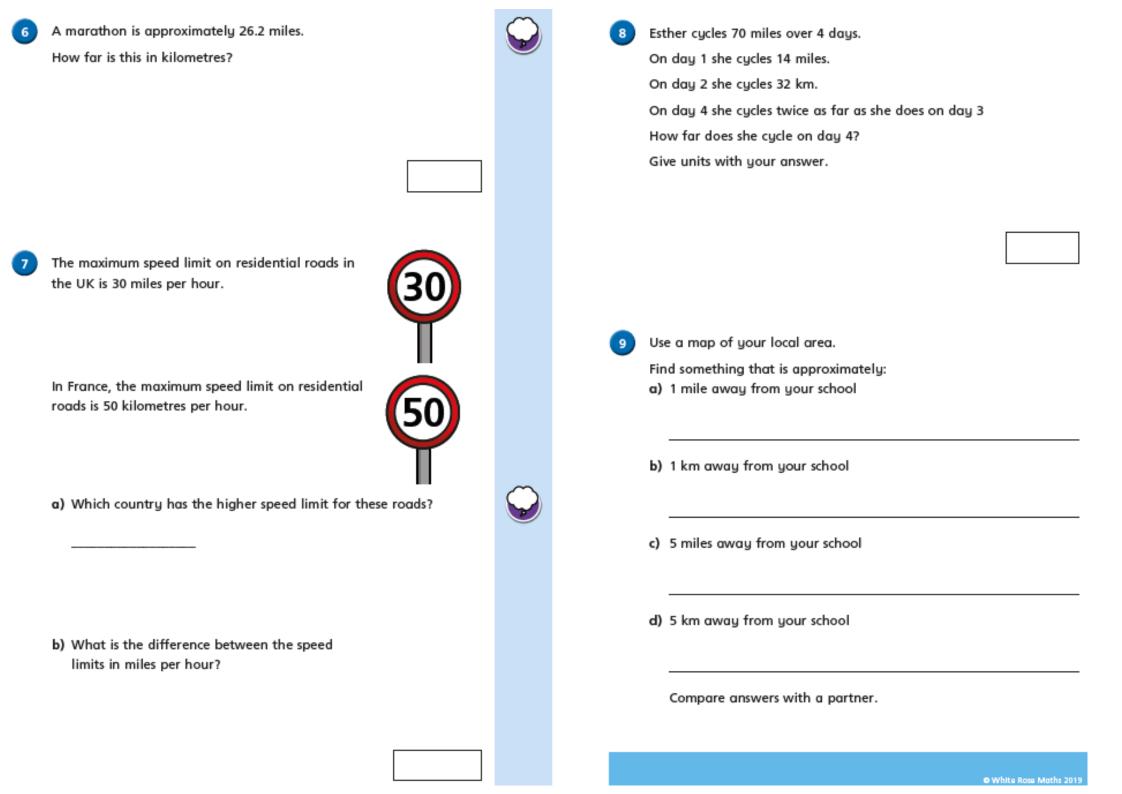


If 5 miles is approximately 8 kilometres, then 10 miles is approximately 13 kilometres.

Here is Whitney's working out.

+ 5 
$$\left\langle \frac{5 \text{ miles}}{10 \text{ miles}} \approx 8 \text{ km} \right\rangle + 5$$

Explain Whitney's mistake.



### Friday

### **Note to Parents:**

The Friday Challenge will be made available on the White Rose Year 6 Home Learning page closer the time.