

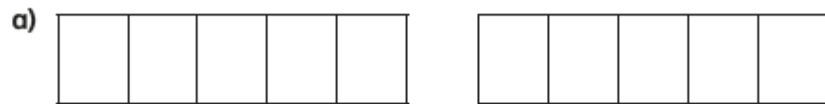
Monday – Lesson 1

*Adding and subtracting
fractions*

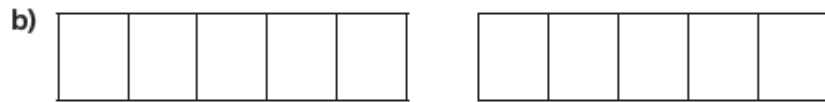
Add and subtract fractions

1 Complete the calculations.

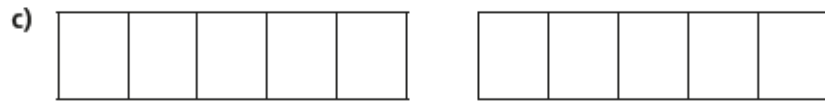
Use the bar models to help you.



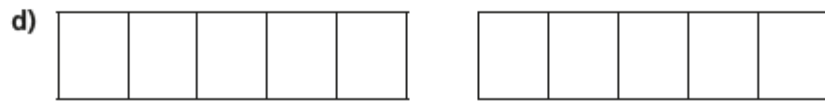
$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \square = \square$$



$$\frac{6}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \square = \square$$



$$\frac{8}{5} - \frac{6}{5} = \square$$



$$\frac{9}{5} - \frac{3}{5} = \square = \square$$



2 Complete the calculations.

a) $\frac{4}{7} + \frac{2}{7} = \square$

f) $\frac{17}{9} - \frac{8}{9} = \square = \square$

b) $\frac{4}{7} + \frac{3}{7} = \square = \square$

g) $\frac{16}{9} - \frac{8}{9} = \square$

c) $\frac{4}{7} + \frac{4}{7} = \square = \square$

h) $\frac{7}{9} + \frac{2}{9} + \frac{8}{9} = \square = \square$

d) $\frac{8}{7} - \frac{3}{7} = \square$

i) $\frac{7}{15} + \frac{2}{15} + \frac{8}{15} = \square = \square$

e) $\frac{7}{9} + \frac{8}{9} = \square = \square$

j) $\frac{7}{15} - \frac{2}{15} + \frac{8}{15} = \square$

3

$$\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

What could the missing numerators be?

Give six different possibilities.

$$\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

$$\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

$$\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

$$\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

$$\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

$$\frac{\square}{8} + \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$$

4 Dora has $2\frac{3}{8}$ litres of juice.

She pours out $\frac{9}{8}$ litres of juice.

How many litres of juice does she have left?

Dora has litres left.

5 Fill in the missing numerators.

a) $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$

b) $\frac{13}{8} - \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

c) $\frac{13}{8} - \frac{\square}{8} = 1$

d) $\frac{11}{9} + \frac{\square}{9} = \frac{22}{9} = 2\frac{\square}{9}$

e) $\frac{11}{9} + \frac{\square}{9} = \frac{\square}{9} = 2\frac{2}{9}$

f) $\frac{22}{9} - \frac{\square}{9} = \frac{\square}{9} = 2\frac{2}{9}$

g) $\frac{4}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{4}{7} = 2$

h) $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{5}{7} = 2$

i) $\frac{6}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{6}{7} = 2$

j) $\frac{14}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{4}{7} = 3$

k) $\frac{15}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{5}{7} = 3$

l) $\frac{16}{7} + \frac{\square}{7} + \frac{6}{7} = 4$

Compare answers with a partner. What do you notice?



6 Here are some fraction cards.



Use the cards to write pairs of fractions with a total of 2

+ = 2

+ = 2

+ = 2

7 Annie and Dexter both have a skipping rope.

Annie's rope is $\frac{3}{4}$ m shorter than Dexter's rope.

The ropes are $\frac{13}{4}$ m altogether.

How long is each skipping rope?

Annie's rope is m long.

Dexter's rope is m long.

Tuesday – Lesson 2

Adding fractions

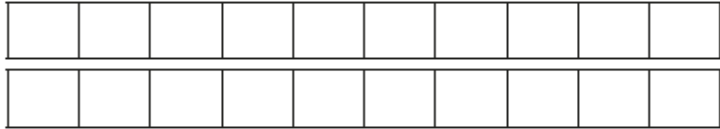
Add fractions

1 Complete the calculations.

Use the bar models to help you.

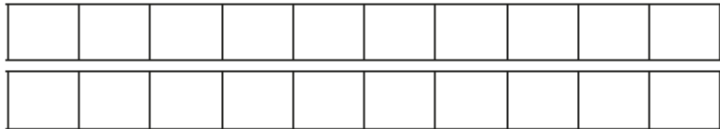


a)



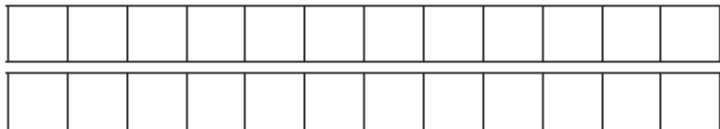
$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{7}{10} = \square = \square$$

b)



$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{1}{5} = \square = \square$$

c)



$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{12} = \square = \square$$

2 Complete the additions.

$$\text{a) } \frac{4}{5} + \frac{7}{20} = \square = \square$$

$$\text{d) } \frac{4}{3} + \frac{5}{12} = \square = \square$$

$$\text{b) } \frac{5}{4} + \frac{7}{20} = \square = \square$$

$$\text{e) } \frac{3}{5} + \frac{11}{15} = \square = \square$$

$$\text{c) } \frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{12} = \square = \square$$

$$\text{f) } \frac{5}{3} + \frac{11}{15} = \square = \square$$

3 Match the additions that have the same answer.

$$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{9}{20}$$

$$\frac{16}{20} + \frac{9}{20}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{9}{20}$$

$$\frac{12}{20} + \frac{9}{20}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{9}{20}$$

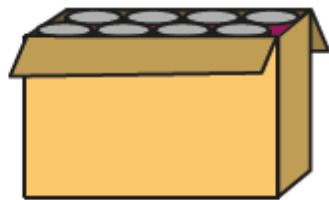
$$\frac{14}{20} + \frac{9}{20}$$

$$\frac{7}{10} + \frac{9}{20}$$

$$\frac{15}{20} + \frac{9}{20}$$

4 Dexter has some tins of food. There are four types of food: beans, sweetcorn, soup and tomatoes.

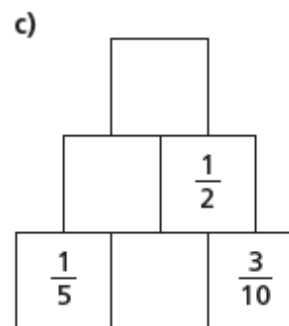
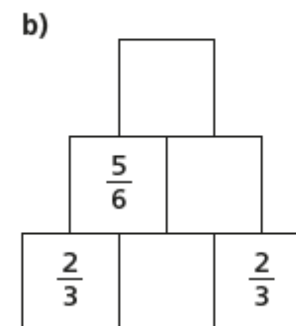
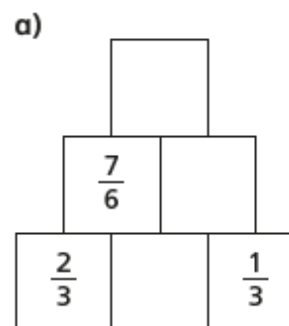
- The total weight of all the tins is 2 kg.
- The tins of beans weigh $\frac{2}{3}$ kg.
- The tins of sweetcorn weigh $\frac{5}{12}$ kg.
- The tins of soup weigh $\frac{1}{4}$ kg.



a) Work out the total weight of the tins of beans, sweetcorn and soup.

b) How much do the tins of tomatoes weigh?

5 Complete the addition pyramids.



6 What could the three missing numerators be?

$$\frac{\square}{4} + \frac{\square}{12} + \frac{\square}{3} = \frac{13}{12}$$

Give three different possibilities.

$$\frac{\square}{4} + \frac{\square}{12} + \frac{\square}{3} = \frac{13}{12}$$

$$\frac{\square}{4} + \frac{\square}{12} + \frac{\square}{3} = \frac{13}{12}$$

$$\frac{\square}{4} + \frac{\square}{12} + \frac{\square}{3} = \frac{13}{12}$$

Wednesday – Lesson 3

Adding mixed numbers

Add mixed numbers

1 Teddy and Mo are adding mixed numbers.



$$3\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{5}{8} = 5 + \frac{7}{8} = 5\frac{7}{8}$$

Teddy

$$3\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{5}{8} = \frac{26}{8} + \frac{21}{8} = \frac{47}{8} = 5\frac{7}{8}$$

Mo



Whose method do you prefer? _____

Talk about it with a partner.



2 Complete the calculations.

a) $1\frac{2}{5} + 2\frac{3}{10} = \square$

b) $2\frac{2}{5} + 2\frac{3}{10} = \square$

c) $1\frac{3}{4} + 3\frac{3}{20} = \square$

e) $4\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{11}{16} = \square$

d) $1\frac{3}{16} + 4\frac{3}{4} = \square$

f) $1\frac{4}{15} + 3\frac{2}{3} = \square$

3



$$2\frac{3}{5} + 1\frac{7}{10} = 3 + \frac{13}{10} = 3\frac{13}{10}$$

How can Ron improve his answer?

4

Complete the additions.

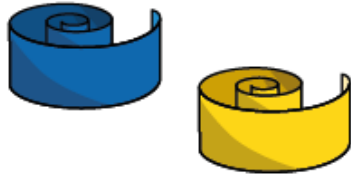
a) $2\frac{3}{4} + 3\frac{5}{12} = \square$

b) $3\frac{2}{3} + 2\frac{7}{12} = \square$

c) $5\frac{1}{6} + 3\frac{11}{12} = \square$

d) $6\frac{7}{15} + 3\frac{3}{5} = \square$

5 A blue ribbon is $2\frac{4}{9}$ metres long.



A yellow ribbon is $3\frac{2}{3}$ metres long.

a) What is the total length of the blue and yellow ribbon?

m

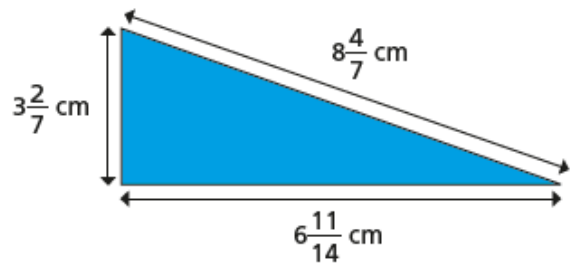
b) A red ribbon is $1\frac{5}{18}$ metres longer than the yellow ribbon.

How long is the red ribbon?



m

6 Calculate the perimeter of the triangle.



cm

7 Complete the calculation in three different ways.

$\frac{\square}{5} + \square \frac{\square}{15} = 6 + \frac{11}{15} = \square$

$\frac{\square}{5} + \square \frac{\square}{15} = 6 + \frac{11}{15} = \square$

$\frac{\square}{5} + \square \frac{\square}{15} = 6 + \frac{11}{15} = \square$

Compare answers with a partner.

8 Here are some number cards.



a) What is the greatest total you can make with two cards?

b) What is the smallest total you can make with two cards?

Thursday – Lesson 4

Subtracting mixed numbers

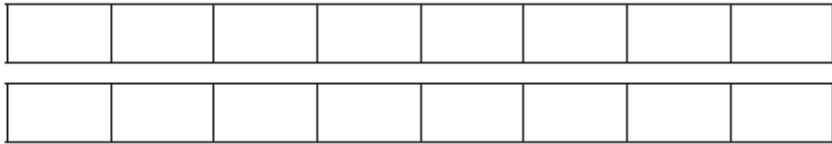


Subtract mixed numbers

1 Complete the subtractions.

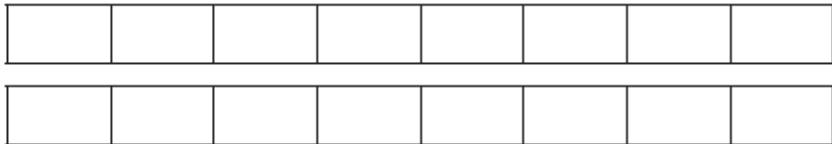
Use the bar models to help you.

a)



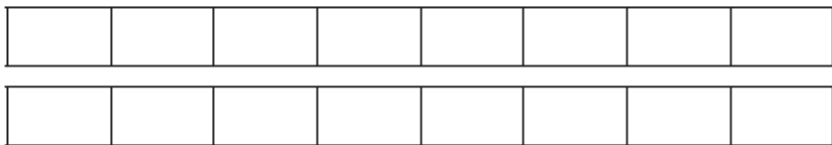
$$\frac{15}{8} - \frac{1}{2} = \square$$

b)



$$1\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{4} = \square$$

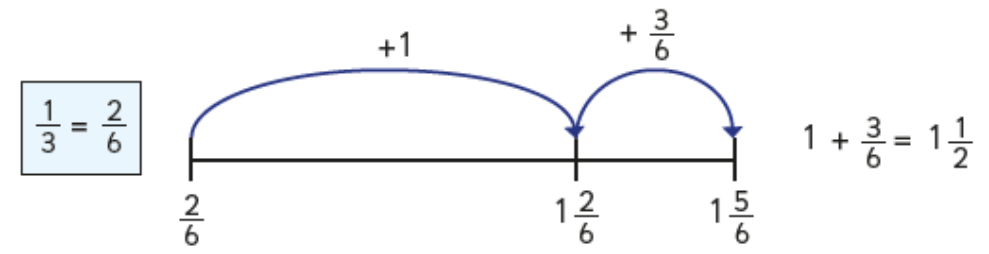
c)



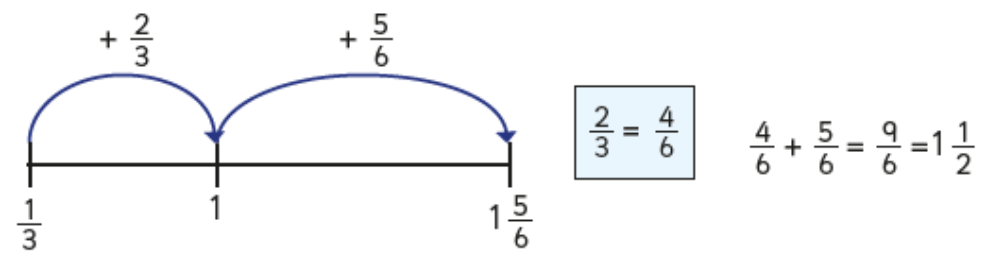
$$1\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{8} = \square$$

2 Dexter and Whitney are using number lines to work out $1\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{3}$

Dexter's method

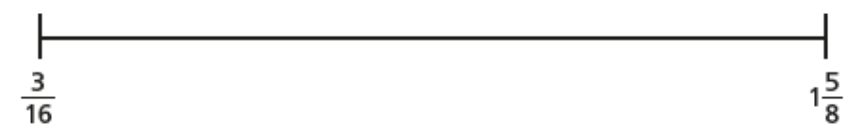


Whitney's method



What is the same and what is different about these methods?

Use one of the methods to work out $1\frac{5}{8} - \frac{3}{16}$



$$1\frac{5}{8} - \frac{3}{16} = \square$$

3 Complete the subtractions.

a) $3\frac{1}{4} - \frac{5}{24} = \square$

d) $7\frac{5}{6} - \frac{13}{24} = \square$

b) $3\frac{3}{16} - \frac{1}{8} = \square$

e) $4\frac{4}{9} - \frac{4}{27} = \square$

c) $2\frac{5}{6} - \frac{2}{3} = \square$

f) $6\frac{11}{12} - \frac{3}{4} = \square$

4 A jug contains $1\frac{3}{5}$ litres of orange juice.



Eva pours $\frac{4}{15}$ litres into a glass.

How much orange juice is left in the jug?

There are litres of orange juice left in the jug.

5 Find three different ways to complete the calculation.

$3\frac{\square}{5} - \frac{\square}{20} = 3\frac{1}{20}$

$3\frac{\square}{5} - \frac{\square}{20} = 3\frac{1}{20}$

$3\frac{\square}{5} - \frac{\square}{20} = 3\frac{1}{20}$

Are there any other ways to complete this calculation?

6 Three children take part in throwing competitions.

Here is the table of results.

	Javelin	Shot Put	Discus
Dexter	$15\frac{1}{4}$ m	$7\frac{5}{12}$ m	
Amir	$13\frac{3}{8}$ m		$12\frac{7}{8}$ m
Annie		9 m	$11\frac{5}{12}$ m

Use the clues to complete the table.

- Annie's javelin throw is $\frac{11}{12}$ m less than Dexter's.
- Amir's shot put throw is $\frac{3}{4}$ m less than Annie's.
- Dexter's discus throw is $\frac{1}{2}$ m less than Amir's.

Friday

Note to Parents:

The Friday Challenge will be made available on the White Rose Year 6 Home Learning page closer the time. 😊